



Application	Data Coverage	Vertical	Resolution   Horizontal	Image	Key Points
Sub-bottom imagery	Imagery Data	10's cm	N/A	cm-m	Stratigraphy image or point data Detection of subsurface sediment horizons Trade-offs between resolution and penetration depth Common Frequency Ranges: 400 Hz to 20 kHz (for higher resolution systems) Susceptible to surficial gas interference + H29 Moderate complexity and cost for acquisition and processing

## Data Collection<sup>1</sup> Raw Data<sup>2</sup> Processed Data<sup>3</sup>

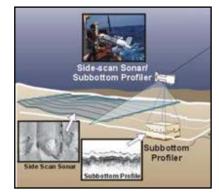
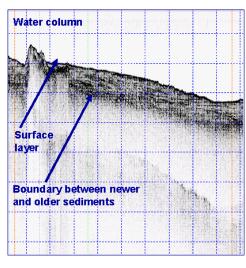


Diagram of a combined sub-bottom profiling system and side-scan sonar.

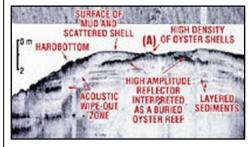


Deployment of sub-bottom profiling system.

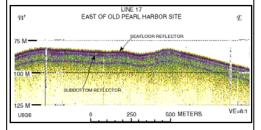
<sup>3</sup>Processed data images from NOAA Research and U.S. Geological Survey.



Sub-bottom profile from the Hudson River, New York.



Example of sub-bottom profiling record used for mapping oyster habitat.



This high resolution 3.5 kHz sub-bottom profile shows the seafloor between the northern parts of two dredged material deposits off Honolulu, Hawaii.

N/A = Not applicable

<sup>1</sup>Data collection images from Science Applications International Corporation and U.S. Geological Survey. <sup>2</sup>Raw data image from New York State Department of Environmental Conservation.